rowing up drug-iree

Guide your child away from harm



A happy family stays drug-free

It is important for parents to KNOW about drugs and inhalants, its harmfulness and tell-tale signs of drug abuse, so that you can talk to your child and GUIDE your child to stay away from drugs and inhalants. TALK to them, and never assume that your child should have known better.

Why do youths abuse drugs?

Youths have cited various reasons for abusing drugs and/

or inhalants.

ooredon

Seven useful parenting tips



Observe and pay attention to your child's moods and the company he/she keeps



together

Discover your child's talents and encourage him/her to develop them



Discuss and remind your child to stay away from drugs

Find common interests and spend time



Teach your child coping skills and refusal tips



Start your conversations using teachable moments (e.g. news on celebrity arrested for drug abuse)

Tell-tale signs of drug abuse



stained glass/tubes

- · burnt aluminium foils or cut
- into small pieces • improvised instruments (e.g.
- cough mixture or water bottles) · packs of sleeping pills
- lying around

Changes in

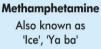
- behaviour/appearance: no sleep for few days
- followed by consecutive days of sleep
- bloodshot/sunken eyes excessively moody or
- aggressive



· constantly shut windows • "damp" smell in room

- improvised instruments, bongs (tubes with water)
- extremely messy rooms
- Changes in behaviour/appearance: stained yellowish teeth
- jaundiced eyes • "damp" breath, foul smelling hands
- laziness · poor hygiene









Ganja, Weed



Substances (NPS) Also known as Spice, Bath Salts





Also known as

White, Ubat



'Ecstasy' Also known as E, XTC



Nimetazepam Also known as 'Erimin-5'



Inhalants Also known as Glue-Sniffing



Scan this QR code for more information on drugs and inhalants at www.cnb.gov.sg.



In Singapore, the drug situation remains under control. However, the Central Narcotics Bureau (CNB) is arresting more young drug abusers. Many of these youths have abused cannabis thinking that it is less harmful and addictive than

also changed, with more coming from middle-class families and who are doing well in school.

tobacco, and even have some gross misconception that it has therapeutic value. The profiles of youth abusers have



Profile of abusers changing More cannabis abusers are coming from

in school. Youths' liberal views More are willing to experiment with

cannabis due to media influence and drug legalisation overseas. Perceive cannabis as less harmful

middle-class families and perform well

This is a misperception as cannabis is in fact more damaging as it contains more

tar and cancer-causing agents. **Profit-hungry companies**

Some firms are marketing cannabis for recreational uses, deceiving youths just to get them hooked.

than tobacco

Contamination effect is strong among youths

It is addictive

Abusers trying to quit report irritability, sleeplessness, decreased appetite, anxiety

causes

Early onset of psychotic disorders, increases suicide risk and has an impact

Affects mental health

and drug craving.

on adolescent brain development and functions. Lowers IQ

abuse

concentration and decline of IQ.

No drug background Come from families with no drug history

Perform well in school and have no disciplinary issues.

Obedient students

Peer pressure Peer pressure and wrong information from peers and negative Internet and media

and have proper parental guidance.

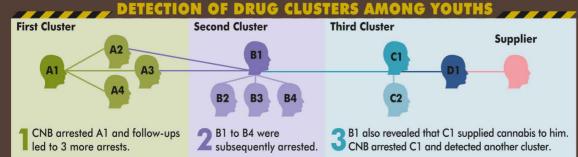
Wrong assumptions Youths develop liberal attitudes and

influence leads them to have warped views.

perceive cannabis as less harmful. Increased risk

Youths become open to trying cannabis and are at risk of being exposed to other dangerous drugs/inhalants.

CNB is seeing more cases of drug clusters amongst youths. Clusters are formed when youths abuse drugs and introduce them to peers, exponentially increasing the contamination effect. Below is an illustration:



Know what your child is doing and the type of friends he/she has. If you suspect that your child is abusing drugs, call the CNB Rehabilitation framework for youths below 21 years old)

drugs overseas.

hotline for advice. CNB will then work with you and your child to decide the appropriate follow-up action.

1800-325-6666 (24 hours)

CNB

CNB.DrugFreeSG

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www.nams.sg

www.cnb.gov.sg Tel: 6-RECOVER (6732 6837)

National Addictions (Mon-Thu: 8.30am-5.30pm, Management Fri: 8.30am-5.00pm) Service (NAMS)

A youth drug abuser who is tested positive in the urine test may be placed under the Youth Enhanced Supervision (YES) Scheme,

Consumption of a controlled drug (e.g. 'Ice', heroin and

cannabis) is an offence and a person will face IMPRISONMENT

of up to 10 years, or a FINE not exceeding \$\$20,000, or BOTH.

the Community Rehabilitation Centre (CRC) or the Drug Rehabilitation Centre (DRC). Youths who have abused drugs but tested negative can enrol in the Anti-Drug Counselling and Engagement Programme (ACE). A person who is committed to a DRC does not have a criminal record registered against him.

offence for citizens and Singapore Permanent Residents to consume

Under the law, it is an